

"SHADOW HUN" IS NAME COINED TO FIT LAFOLLETTE

Colonel Roosevelt Denounces Wisconsin Senator As Arch-Traitor To Country

ST. PAUL, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Speaking in the same auditorium in which last week Senator LaFollette made the address that has brought down upon him the unsparing condemnation of patriotic societies and other public men, Theodore Roosevelt last night addressed a great gathering, to which he denounced the Wisconsin senator and his "shadow Hun" colleagues.

LaFollette had declared that America had entered the war on no other grounds than that "the technical rights of the nation" had been violated, and this description of the repeated murders of Americans at home and on the high seas, the plotting to embroil the United States and Mexico, the efforts to bring about a Japanese-American war, the use of the immunity granted the diplomatic corps to carry on plots and bribery against the United States government and the now demonstrated efforts that were made to betray every privilege granted was roundly scored by the Rough Rider.

"I would like nothing better than to send LaFollette and the rest of his shadow Huns to Germany as America's free gift to the Kaiser," declared Roosevelt, amid cheers. In his address, the speaker classed LaFollette as "among the Huns within our gates," and he described Senator Gronna and Lundeen of Illinois as among the "shadow Huns."

"The most sinister enemy of Democracy now in the United States, however," said Roosevelt, "is this LaFollette, the senator from Wisconsin."

BRITONS SILENT ON HAPPENINGS OF DAY

Headquarters Announces That No News Will Be Given Out To Press Yesterday Or Today

NEW YORK, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Contradictory official reports from London and Berlin regarding yesterday's operations along the British front in Flanders, coupled with notifications to the American and British press that they will receive no news today whatever from that front, indicates that something very much out of the ordinary is now happening. What it may be cannot be known until tomorrow, if then.

London reports that Sir Douglas Haig has nothing to report except that his men spent yesterday "consolidating their gains."

Another Attack Expected. Berlin announces that the British fire in Flanders has once more assumed the intensity of drum fire and that another attack along the Ypres-Menin and the Ypres-Roulers roads is impending.

The newspaper correspondents of the British and the American papers with the British have wired their papers not to expect anything in the way of a report today. They give no explanation of why nothing is to be sent out.

Another German raid upon the south-east coast of England was made last night, German machines dropping a number of bombs and being driven off by the British flyers and the anti-aircraft gunners. None of the machines was able to reach London and there are no reports of the damage done by the raiders of any casualties suffered.

Business Again Active. The feature of yesterday's war news was the resumption of Russian activities in the Caucasus, where the Slavs advanced and drove the Ottomans back for considerable distance in a number of places. The town of Orzany near Meri is reported taken.

In the Argonne three desperate Hun attacks on French positions were repulsed on Thursday night, the Germans suffering terrible losses from the devastating machine gun and rifle fire into their massed ranks.

ALL CABLE MESSAGES ARE SUBJECT TO DELAY

It was announced yesterday that all cable messages between San Francisco and Honolulu will be subject to, at least, a twenty-four hours' delay in transmission.

Although the reason for this delay have not been given by the cable company, it is evident that the volume of business has greatly increased, owing to the fact that messages that heretofore were sent to Europe by way of the Mediterranean, are now being sent through the Pacific.

It was also announced yesterday that all messages destined for Manila are subject to a delay of three days. While commercial business over the Pacific cable has greatly increased in the past three months, it is also known that government business has increased proportionately, which, of course, is given first consideration, superseding all other in importance.

GOTHAM ENTERTAINS JAPANESE ENVOYS

Ishii and Party Guests At Reception—Speech Is Made At Luncheon Earlier In Day

NEW YORK, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Viscount Ishii and party were guests of the local Japanese colony last night, being banqueted and taken on a seeing-New York tour of the city. A brilliant reception, attended by all the prominent Japanese of the city and by many leading Americans, was held.

During the afternoon the viscount addressed the members of the New York chamber of commerce.

In the course of his address the distinguished visitor declared that "Japan was in the war with the avowed intention of making herself as unpleasant as possible to the enemy," and said Japan was a partner in the war which would "only with the utter defeat and humiliation of Germany."

The speaker, diverting his remarks to the main object of the mission, that of bringing about a closer unity between the United States and Japan, congratulated the members that the "day had dawned wherein the trials and troubles of yesterday were forgotten, when old prejudices and misunderstandings would fade away, and you will greet us as we greet you, as old friends and new brothers in the struggle for human liberty, freedom and national existence."

WEST INDIAN STORM DOES MUCH DAMAGE

Steamer Sunk Off Isle of Pines—Pensacola and Mobile Cut Off From Outside

NEW ORLEANS, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Cuba, the Isle of Pines, Florida and the Gulf Coast are hurricane swept. No estimates of damages or loss of life are yet obtainable, although it is believed that there have been few fatalities except perhaps in the life of Pines. Pensacola is cut off from communication, so that there is also the possibility of serious loss of property and life there.

Drenching down pours of rain driven by a furious gale have swept the Gulf Coast, Southeastern Florida and the West Indies. Here the gale averaged a velocity of ninety miles an hour, and at its height at times registered a hundred miles an hour.

Between this city and Mobile wire cables, which is cut off from communication with all outside points.

Havana despatches say that on Wednesday a steamer was sunk and several sailors drowned in a hurricane off the Isle of Pines. Houses were razed, crops destroyed, fruits ruined and it is believed that many perished in various parts of that island.

Extensive damage was done in Cuba but no deaths from the storm reported to Havana.

CONGRESSMEN COME TO BLOWS ON FLOOR

Pro-Germanism Corruption Charges Lead To Disgraceful Scene In The House

WASHINGTON, September 28.—(Associated Press)—A lively fist fight arising out of the charges of disloyalty directed against certain members of congress was staged today by Representative J. E. Heflin of Alabama and J. D. Norton of North Dakota, who was the chief critic of Heflin's attitude.

The climax came during a discussion as to whether the house should approve the recommendation of the rules committee, which refused to investigate the charges of pro-Germanism brought against the Alabama senator against certain members of congress, and who, Heflin said, were under suspicion as having been influenced by von Bernstorff, who is alleged to have asked for \$50,000 from his home government with which to bribe congressmen to oppose the government's policy against Germany.

The scuffle representatives went at hammer and tongs on the floor of the house, and were separated by friends after several blows had been exchanged. The chamber was in pandemonium for a time, members springing to their seats in order to get a better view of the fight.

Order was at last restored after Speaker Champ Clark had banged his gavel to restore order.

JAPANESE DESTROYER SINKS SUBMARINE PEST

TOKYO, September 28.—(Special to Nippon Jiji)—All Tokyo is jubilant to day over receipt of news that another victory has crowned once more the Japanese destroyer squadron now in the Mediterranean.

According to Paris despatches received by the Tokyo Asahi, the Japanese destroyers, under command of Rear Admiral K. Sato, sunk a German submarine, north of Barcelona, Spain, after an exciting fight with the U-boat, which lasted for several hours. No damage has been suffered by the victorious Japanese.

The fight and sinking of the Hun submarine by the Japanese is said to have taken place on September 20.

BRIGADE OF MARINES FOR FRANCE EXPECTED SOON

Nomination of Colonel Doyen As A Brigadier Coming As Indication of Increase

WASHINGTON, September 29.—(Associated Press)—The nomination of Col. Charles A. Doyen, Marine Corps, as a brigadier general in the corps, is expected to be sent to the senate by the President early next week. This coming promotion means that a brigade of Marines will be sent to France to serve under his command. At the present time he is in command of the Marines in active service with the American expeditionary army on the front.

HOUSE VOTES SUSPENSION COASTWISE SHIPPING LAW

WASHINGTON, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Without a division, the house yesterday passed the bill providing for the suspension of the Coastwise Shipping Law during the period of the war and for as long as the president may deem it expedient to enforce the existing legislation penalizing foreign shipping which engages in passenger or freight trade between American ports.

This bill, the importance of which is recognized in view of the impending requisitioning of the greater part of all American shipping engaged in ocean trade, is to be sent to the senate immediately, with every prospect that it will be rushed through and sent to the President in time for his signature before October 15.

The provisions of the bill permit foreign ships to engage in American coastwise business on the Great Lakes and the two oceans, being necessary in the Pacific in the case of Hawaii and Alaska, both of which territories would be left without facilities for shipping their exports or receiving their supplies when the American bottoms are taken over for government use in the Atlantic.

MANY BANKERS FACE INDICTMENT Failure To File Statements Is Charged

SAN FRANCISCO, September 29.—(Associated Press)—Possibility of indictment and, upon conviction, heavy fines for wealthy persons and for bank corporations is foreshadowed in a report of the government internal revenue agent who has investigated the twelfth reserve banking district and which became public yesterday. The charges would be evasion of the Income Tax Law.

An investigation which the government has conducted through a special agent for the Internal Revenue officials has brought some startling disclosures. Undoubtedly in most cases the offenses were unintentional but they appear to be none the less evasions of the law. This investigation has shown that more than one hundred banks of Hawaii, California and Nevada have failed to make the "valid excuse" for failure to file returns which are required under the Income Tax Law.

That there are so many of these banks found in the investigation adds to the strength of the theory that the alleged offenses have resulted either from inadvertence, a lack of understanding or a misinterpretation of the law. The agent asserts that the provisions of the law are clear and that there can be no valid excuse for failure to comply with its provisions by bankers, banking houses and bank officials.

OXMAN ACQUITTED BUT RE-ARRESTED Chief Witness Against Mooney Freed By Jury But New Charges Are Filed

SAN FRANCISCO, September 29.—(Associated Press)—F. C. Oxman, the wealthy Oregon cattleman and one of the chief witnesses against Mooney in the "Preparedness Parade Bomb Plot Trial," was acquitted by the jury before which he has been tried for perjury and released yesterday afternoon but was immediately rearrested on other charges of perjury which were preferred by the sister-in-law of Mooney.

After a trial lasting for days, Oxman was yesterday acquitted of testifying falsely on certain points in his trial which resulted in the conviction of Mooney for the murder of preparedness paraders. He was one of the chief witnesses for the prosecution in that trial and friends of Mooney and labor leaders had asserted that it was his testimony which brought about the conviction of Mooney. This assertion was used before the President in pleas for his clemency.

Testimony against Oxman told of his expressed intention, before the trial to secure the conviction of Mooney and sought to show a bitterness and prejudice on his part.

After his rearrest Oxman was again released on bail.

SINN FEIN LEADER STARVES IN PRISON Though Death Was Voluntary Fellow Members Are Aroused

LONDON, September 28.—(Associated Press)—The death in prison of the Sinn Fein leader, Thomas Ashe, reported today, has inflamed his followers, and further excesses by members of the extreme order of patriotic Irish men are feared.

The body, dressed in the uniform of the Irish volunteers, lies in state at the hospital, and is being viewed by thousands of his compatriots.

Voluntary starvation is reported to have been the immediate cause of death, but hospital officials claim that a post mortem examination showed that there was food in the stomach, and that death was in reality due to a complication of congestion of the lungs and heart trouble.

EDWARD CARRY TO DIRECT SHIPPING OPERATIONS

PHILADELPHIA, September 28.—(Associated Press)—Edward Carry, the well known car manufacturer of Chicago, has been appointed a director of the operations of the shipping board in charge of merchantmen in the federal service.

OFFICER NAPOLI SUSPENDED

Nam Napoli was the police officer suspended by Sheriff Rose on Thursday for disturbing the peace at the home of a Chinese cook the night before, and Napolie, whose name was incorrectly spelled, is on duty as usual, and asserts that his own interpretation of the duties of a police officer would never get him into the trouble that caused Napoli to lose his star.

TOURIST TRAVEL IS HANGING IN DOUBT

Little Worry About Freights But Only Congressional Action Can Aid Passenger Service

Face to face with the practical certainty that all, except perhaps the slowest vessels of American registry upon which Hawaii has depended for the transportation of its freight and passenger service with the mainland, will be taken by the government from their Pacific Ocean runs and put into service on the Atlantic, Honolulu folk took notice after reading the despatches from Washington yesterday morning. While something of the kind had been expected, it had not been anticipated that any such sweeping commandeering would be undertaken by the government.

Honolulu yesterday really gave serious consideration to what is meant by the taking of the Pacific of all American vessels of more than 2000 tons registry. It did not occasion so much anxiety as to freight carrying as for the passenger service, the bringing of the tourists who are so important to the prosperity of the islands each year. It is expected that the government will provide vessels of some type to carry the freight, but how about passenger service until the Coastwise Law shall have been ordered suspended by act of congress? Will congress act at this session or wait until next session and leave an interim during which the islands will be left with inadequate service? That was something to make Honolulu think, especially those in lines of business that are largely dependent on tourists for their profits.

Shippers Worry Little. Sugar shippers expressed little anxiety as to arrangements being made for the carrying of the sugar output. As to just what those arrangements will be they were "up in the air" for nothing definite in advice have as yet come to this point though they have been led to believe that former German vessels will be furnished to carry the sugar. Such vessels could bring from the mainland immediate freight requirements of the islands in the way of supplies and materials.

The Sugar Factors Company is the largest shipper of sugar from Hawaii. Yesterday Manager A. M. Nowell of the company said:

"I feel confident that the government will provide the necessary shipping facilities though in what way they will do so we do not now know."

Government Needs Sugar. "Unless they deem it more important to take troops to France than to feed them when they get there and to feed the mobilized armies before they start for France, we shall have the facilities for shipping our sugar. I feel sure the government will make provisions for getting the supplies which it needs for its soldiers and its civilians. It has thought the sugar supply a serious enough problem to go under foot control and it certainly is not going to stop there. We can only wait and see how they will arrange to get our sugar where it will do them some good and not let it lie here."

Business men looked on the freight situation in the same philosophic way, that the bulls which would take the sugar away would bring all that was necessary to supply the needs of the islands.

Passenger Service Different. With the passenger service it was admittedly different. It is expected that the Coastwise Law which prevents foreign vessels carrying Honolulu passengers, will be repealed but the fear is expressed that this will not be done soon enough, that there may be an interim. It was urged that action be taken to expedite at this session the required legislation.

If the Coastwise Shipping regulations are lifted for the period of the war the Japanese and the Dutch liners could readily give Hawaii a passenger service that would clarify the situation. Otherwise there will be practically no passenger service to and from the islands.

HOLD EXAMINATIONS FOR CIVIL SERVICE

Will Establish Register For Lighthouse Appointments

The local civil service board for the nineteenth lighthouse district will hold an examination on October 10, in this city, for establishing a register of eligibles from which appointments of keepers and assistant keepers of light-houses will be made for duty when vacancies occur.

The examination will be graded upon the basis of ten, physical ability counting four and training, experience and fitness, six. Blanks properly filled out by the applicant and submitted in person or by mail will constitute the test. These blanks may be obtained by applying to the office of the lighthouse inspector, 311 McCandless Building. All applicants must be citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age or over, and able to handle boats.

CAPT. DANIEL G. MORAINÉ DIES IN SAN FRANCISCO

Shipping men will deeply regret the death of Capt. Daniel G. Moraine, who has been in command of windjammers in the Pacific for many years. His death occurred in San Francisco. Captain Moraine was a skipper of the old school which has produced such admirable types of seafaring men.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if fails to cure. The signature of W. W. GLOVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PAKIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

JAPAN AS PEACE ALLY OF UNITED STATES AFTER WAR

This Is Hope of Japanese Mission Here En Route To Mainland As Stated Last Night

PEOPLE OF TWO LANDS SHOULD BE FRIENDS

After Pirates and Assassins of Germany Are Smashed Peace Will Come

"The Japanese are determined to cooperate with you till the last and will not stop until our monster enemy Germany—the pirate of the seas, the assassin of the air and the violator of all decencies on land—has been completely thrashed."

So declared Dr. T. Masao, former special adviser to the Court of Siam now prominent in the Japanese house of representatives and heading a special mission from that representative body to the people of the United States, in his reply to the welcome given him and his colleagues at the Country Club last night, where the distinguished visitors were the guests of the Territory at dinner.

Dr. Masao spoke straight from the shoulder regarding the mission of himself and colleagues, which is to help bring Americans into complete understanding with the Japanese, so that the present war alliance will become, at the conclusion of the war, a peace alliance, in which the two Pacific races may work together for the general good of the Pacific.

"As you know," said this spokesman for the mission last night, "we, five of us, constitute a special commission from the house of representatives of Japan to the United States of America, and our mission is that of conveying the greetings of the Japanese people to the people of the United States and of getting acquainted with them."

Now Standing Together. "Today the United States and Japan are standing together as allies in the Great War. Both are situated on the Pacific and are next door neighbors to each other. In such circumstances it is well that each of the two should endeavor to become familiar with the thoughts, wishes and hopes of the other; and there never was a better time for such an endeavor as now."

"There is nothing like meeting with each other under favorable circumstances. You can then arrive at a fair knowledge of each other."

"A fair knowledge of each other is the beginning of mutual confidence, and mutual confidence is the beginning of mutual respect, which is the key to International Harmony."

No Reason For Discord. "There is no reason why there should ever be any lack of mutual knowledge, mutual confidence and mutual respect between the Americans and the Japanese, and if in the past there has been anything lacking in these respects, let us hope that our association and fellowship as allies in this war will produce so perfect knowledge of each other, so perfect confidence in each other, and so perfect respect for each other, that the Americans and Japanese shall always be allies, after the war as during the war."

In these islands of Hawaii there are thousands of Japanese obtaining their living and they owe the protection of their lives and properties to you. Their fidelity to their mother country is characteristic of them, but it is this very characteristic that ought to make them faithful and loyal and useful to their adopted country in time of need."

Proving Their Honor. "As you know, Canada has been making use of Japanese volunteers in these times of need, and up to the date of our departure from Yokohama we heard that scores of them had already sacrificed their lives for their adopted country and scores more of them had become wounded."

"Those of you who have read the history of Japan will have realized that there is nothing that Japan values more highly than honor. Japan has no finer inheritance, no greater possession, no acquisition more worthy to be cherished than her sense of honor."

Woe To Traitors. "The entry of the United States into the war is the champion of right has touched the heart of every Japanese, and now-day's President Wilson's addresses go as deeply into the heart of the Japanese as into the heart of the Americans. One of his recent utterances that has gone deep into the bottom of the Japanese heart runs as follows: 'For us there is but one choice. We have made it. We be to the man or group of men that seek to stand in our way in this day of high resolution, when every principle we hold dearest is to be vindicated and made secure for the salvation of the nations.'"

"Gentlemen! The Japanese are determined to cooperate with you till the last and will not stop until our monster enemy Germany—the pirate of the seas, the assassin of the air, and the violator of all decencies on land—has been completely thrashed. When this monster—this enemy of ours—has been thoroughly beaten down, then and then only shall we have a lasting peace."

ARGENTINE PRESIDENT IS FIRM AGAINST WAR

BUENOS AYRES, September 28.—(Associated Press)—It was learned today that President Irigoyen is preparing a message to be presented to congress in which he endeavors to prove that a break with Germany is impossible, as Berlin has satisfactorily adjusted the Luxemburg affair.